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## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of the claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## LISTING OF CLAIMS

- (Currently Amended) A method of protecting an Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)
  network against network failures affecting traffic flow between an interior router
  (IR) and a predetermined primary area border router (ABR) using a back-up link
  between the IR and a predetermined alternate ABR, the method comprising steps
  of:
  - maintaining the back-up link in a dormant state during normal operations of the network, such that no traffic is forwarded to the back-up link during normal operations of the network; and
  - activating the back-up link in response to a network failure affecting communications between the IPR and the primary ABR, such that traffic can be routed between the IR and the alternate ABR through the back-up link.
- (Original) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of maintaining the back-up link in a dormant state comprises steps of:

assigning a backup interface type attribute to the back-up link; and controlling each of the IR and the alternate ABR such that:

information respecting the back-up link is not advertised to adjacent routers; and

the back-up link is not identified as a valid route in respective forwarding tables of each of the IR and the alternate ABR.

 (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of activating the back-up link comprises steps of:

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detecting the network failure affecting communications between the IPR and the primary ABR;

promoting the back-up link to an active status; and advertising the back-up link as a valid route.

- (Original) A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the network failure is detected by the IR.
- 5 (Original) A method as claimed in claim 4, wherein the step of promoting the back-up link to an active status is initiated by the IR.
- 6. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the step of detecting the network failure comprises steps of:

detecting a loss of communications between the IR and the primary ABR;

monitoring a link between the IR and the primary ABR for a predetermined period, to detect recovery of communications; and

- declaring a link failure if recovery of communications between the IR and the primary ABR is not detected within the predetermined period.
- 7. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the step of promoting the back-up link comprises a step of negotiating an adjacency relationship between the IR and the alternate ABR.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a step of deactivating the back-up link in response to a network recovery affecting communications between the IPR and the primary ABR, such that traffic flow through the back-up link between the IR and the alternate ABR is terminated.

- 9. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 8, wherein the step of deactivating the back-up link comprises steps of: detecting the network recovery; and demoting the back-up link to an inactive status.
- 10. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the network recovery is detected by the IR.
- 11. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 10, wherein the step of deactivating the back-up link to an inactive status is initiated by the IR.
- 12. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the step of detecting the network recovery comprises steps of: detecting a recovery of communications between the IR and the primary ABR; monitoring a link between the IR and the primary ABR for a predetermined period, to detect loss of communications; and
  - declaring a link recovery if loss of communications between the IR and the primary ABR is not detected within the predetermined period.
- 13. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the step of demoting the back-up link comprises a step of terminating an adjacency relationship between the IR and the alternate ABR.
- 14. (Original) A router adapted for protecting an Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) network against network failures affecting communications with a predetermined adjacent router using a back-up link to a predetermined alternate router, the router comprising:

- means for maintaining the back-up link in a dormant state during normal operations of the network, such that no traffic is forwarded to the back-up link during normal operations of the network; and
- means for activating the back-up link in response to a network failure affecting communications with the primary router, such that traffic can be routed through the back-up link.
- 15. (Original) A router as claimed in claim 14, wherein the back-up link is provisioned with a back-up interface type attribute.
- 16. (Original) A router as claimed in claim 15, wherein the means for maintaining the back-up link in a dormant state comprises means responsive to the assigned backup interface type attribute for controlling the router such that:
  - information respecting the back-up link is not advertised to adjacent routers; and the back-up link is not identified as a valid route in a respective forwarding table of the router.
- 17. (Original) A router as claimed in claim 14, wherein the means for activating the back-up link comprises:
  - means for detecting the network failure affecting communications with the primary adjacent router;
  - means for promoting the back-up link to an active status; and means for advertising the back-up link as a valid route.
- 18. (Original) A router as claimed in claim 17, wherein the means for detecting the network failure comprises:
  - means for detecting a loss of communications with the primary adjacent router;

- means for monitoring a link to the primary adjacent router for a predetermined period, to detect recovery of communications; and
- means for declaring a link failure if recovery of communications with the primary adjacent router is not detected within the predetermined period.
- (Original) A router as claimed in claim 17, wherein the means for promoting the back-up link comprises means for negotiating an adjacency relationship with the alternate router.
- 20. (Original) A router as claimed in claim 14, further comprising means for deactivating the back-up link in response to a network recovery affecting communications with the primary adjacent router, such that traffic flow with the alternate router through the back-up link is terminated.
- 21. (Original) A router as claimed in claim 20, wherein the means for deactivating the back-up link comprises:
  - means for detecting the network recovery; and means for demoting the back-up link to an inactive status.
- 22. (Original) A router as claimed in claim 21, wherein the means for detecting the network recovery comprises:
  - means for detecting a recovery of communications with the primary adjacent router;
  - means for monitoring a link to the primary adjacent router for a predetermined period, to detect loss of communications; and
  - means for declaring a link recovery if loss of communications with the primary adjacent router is not detected within the predetermined period.

- 23. (Original) A router as claimed in claim 21, wherein the means for demoting the back-up link comprises means for terminating an adjacency relationship with the alternate adjacent router.
- 24. (Original) A software program adapted to control a router of an Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) network to protect against network failures affecting communications with a predetermined primary adjacent router using a back-up link to a predetermined alternate router, the software program comprising:
  - software adapted to control the router to maintain the back-up link in a dormant state during normal operations of the network, such that no traffic is forwarded to the back-up link during normal operations of the network; and
  - software adapted to control the router to activate the back-up link in response to a network failure affecting communications with the primary router, such that traffic can be routed through the back-up link.
- 25. (Original) A software program as claimed in claim 24, wherein the back-up link is provisioned with a back-up interface type attribute.
- 26. (Original) A software program as claimed in claim 25, wherein the software adapted to control the router to maintain the back-up link in a dormant state comprises software responsive to the assigned backup interface type attribute for controlling the router such that:
  - information respecting the back-up link is not advertised to adjacent routers; and the back-up link is not identified as a valid route in a respective forwarding table of the router.
- 27. (Original) A software program as claimed in claim 24, wherein the software adapted to control the router to activate the back-up link comprises:

- software adapted to control the router to detect the network failure affecting communications with the primary adjacent router;
- software adapted to control the router to promote the back-up link to an active status; and
- software adapted to control the router to advertise the back-up link as a valid route.
- 28. (Original) A software program as claimed in claim 27, wherein the software adapted to control the router to detect the network failure comprises:
  - software adapted to control the router to detect a loss of communications with the primary adjacent router;
  - software adapted to control the router to monitor a link to the primary adjacent router for a predetermined period, to detect recovery of communications; and
  - software adapted to control the router to declare a link failure if recovery of communications with the primary adjacent router is not detected within the predetermined period.
- 29. (Original) A software program as claimed in claim 27, wherein the software adapted to control the router to promote the back-up link comprises:
  - software adapted to control the router to negotiate an adjacency relationship with the alternate router, and
  - software adapted to control the router to update a respective forwarding table of the router to identify the back-up link as a valid route.
- 30. (Original) A software program as claimed in claim 24, further comprising software adapted to control the router to deactivate the back-up link in response to a network recovery affecting communications with the primary adjacent router,

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such that traffic flow with the alternate router through the back-up link is terminated.

- 31. (Original) A software program as claimed in claim 30, wherein the software adapted to control the router to deactivate the back-up link comprises: software adapted to control the router to detect the network recovery; and software adapted to control the router to demote the back-up link to an inactive status.
- 32. (Original) A software program as claimed in claim 31, wherein the software adapted to control the router to detect the network recovery comprises:
  - software adapted to control the router to detect a recovery of communications with the primary adjacent router;
  - software adapted to control the router to monitor a link to the primary adjacent router for a predetermined period, to detect loss of communications; and
  - software adapted to control the router to declare a link recovery if loss of communications with the primary adjacent router is not detected within the predetermined period.
- 33. (Original) A software program as claimed in claim 31, wherein the software adapted to control the router to demote the back-up link comprises:
  - software adapted to control the router to terminate an adjacency relationship with the alternate adjacent router; and
  - software adapted to control the router to update a respective forwarding table of the router to reflect an inactive status the back-up link.